

NASH BUSINESS SERVICES, INC. Tax Income /Payroll/Sales/Bookkeeping/Business License Prep

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Dear Client

If you have outside contractors you need to do the following

2 BUSINESSE OWNERS GET TOGETER

DBA

BUSINESS LICENSE

BUSINESS CARDS

WEBSITE

INVOICES FOR WORK PERFORMED

INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR AGREEMENT

NOT SURE PAYROLL OR OUTSIDE SERVICES W-8

THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOT GIVE YOU W9 ? =

DEDUCT 28% FOR FEDERAL AND REPORT IT FORM 945

DEDUCT 7% FOR FTB. www.ftb.ca.gov/individuals/WSC/Backup_whiholding.shtml

YOU MUST LOG IN TO EVERIFY AND CONFIRM SS#/ITIN DOES MATCH WITH SIGNED W-9

YOUR LANDLORD SHALL GET 1099

ALL COMPLETED W-9 EVEN IF THEY ARE CORPORATION OR LESS THAN \$600, DE54 ON THE CLIENT COMPANY LETTERHEAD

PROVIDE CANCEL CHECKS WRITEN TO INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

1. Instruction = An independent contractor decides how to do the job, establishes his or her own procedures, and is not supervised. The entity engaging his or her services is only interested in the end result.
2. Training = An independent contractor ordinarily uses his or her own methods and receives no training from the principal. He or she is not required to attend meetings.
3. Integration = If the individual's performance of service and those of the assistants establish or affect his or her own business reputation and not the business reputation of those who purchase their services, it is an indication of an independent contractor
4. Services Rendered Personally = An individual's right to substitute another's services without the principal's knowledge suggests the existence of an independent relationship
5. Hiring Assistants = An independent contractor hires, supervises, and pays assistants under a contract that requires him or her to provide materials and labor.
6. Continuing Relationship = The relationship between an independent contractor and his or her client ends when the job is finished
7. Set Hours of Work = An independent contractor is the master of his or her own time.
8. Full-Time Work = An independent contractor is free to work when he or she chooses and to set his or her daily or weekly schedule. An independent contractor would normally perform services less than full time for one principal.
9. Work Done on Premises = Doing work away from the principal's premises when it could be done on the principal's premises indicates a lack of control, especially when the work is free
10. Order or Sequence Set = If the principal is not interested in the order or sequence by which the individual completes the work, there is an indication that there is a lack of control over the manner and means by which the work is
11. Reports = An independent contractor is not required to file reports that constitute a review of his or her work. (However, reports related only to an end result are not an indication of employment or independence.)

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.		
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above		
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes:	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC	Exempt payee code (if any) _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____	Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____	
	Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner.	<small>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</small>	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶		
5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)		Requester's name and address (optional)	
6 City, state, and ZIP code			
7 List account number(s) here (optional)			

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number									
				-					

or

Employer identification number									

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 3.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.